# **RISH** Ducer PT 602, 1 or 2 channels Configurable transmitter for Pt 100

# **Data Sheet**

Transducer for measuring
Temperature (Equivalent resistance)



Fig. 1 RISH Ducer PT 602, 1 channel version, in housing S17 clipped on to a top - hat rail.



Fig. 2 RISH Ducer PT 602, 2 channel version, in housing S17 hole mounting brackets pulled out.









# **Application**

The transmitter RISH Ducer PT 602 (Fig. 1 and 2) Converts the input variable-a signal from a resistance thermometer Pt 100- to a temperature linear output signal.

The analogue output signal is either an impressed current or superimposed voltage which is processed by other devices for purposes of displaying, recording and / or regulating a constant.

Versions are available for two, three or four - wire connection.

DIP switches are provided for the coarse setting of the measuring range and the fine adjustment is accomplished using the potentiometers.

Red LED's signal an open or short-circuit feeler. In both cases, the output signal adopts its maximum value.

In the case of an current output, provision is made for switching between 0... 20 mA and 4... 20 mA.

The transmitter fulfil all the important requirements and regulations concerning electromagnetic compatibility EMS & safety ( IEC 1010 resp. EN 61 010). It was developed & is manufactured & tested in strict accordance with the quality assurance standard & ISO 9001

#### Features / Benefits

- Measuring ranges configurable with DIP switch and potentiometer .
- Non Standard user specific ranges available.
- Red LED's indicator: an open or short circuit.
- Electric isolation between input & output 2.3 kV and power supply & all other circuits 3.7 kV - Fulfils EN 61 010.
- Universal (DC / AC) power supply.
- Provision for either snapping the transmitter onto top-hat rails or securing it with screws to a wall or panel.
- Housing only 17.5 mm wide (size S17) / low space requirement

#### **Technical data**

#### Measuring input resp. measuring inputs -

Type Pt 100 (DIN IEC 751) Resistance thermometer

Measuring current < 1 mA Input resistance  $Ri > 4 M\Omega$ 

Lead resistance Two - wire connection  $\leq$  25  $\Omega$  per

lead (total 50  $\Omega$ )

Three - / four - wire connection

 $\leq$  25  $\Omega$  per Lead

Temperature range Two - wire connection

- 150 ... 800°C

Three - / four - wire connection

- 170 ... 800°C

Min. span 50°C Max. span 700°C

Example 1: Range -150°C to 800°C

Lower side possible range is -150°C to 550°C (Span=700°C) Higher side possible range is 100°C to 800°C (Span=700°C)

Example 2: Range 0°C to 45°C or -20°C to 10°C

These ranges are not possible because Min span required is

50°C whereas available span is less than 50°C

Two - wire connection 400°C Max. initial value

Three-/four - wire connection 500°C

Max. ratio between offset and span

 $\frac{T_A}{T_E - T_A}$  < 10 ( $T_A$  and  $T_E$  in °C)

Measuring range settings

 Coarse setting with DIP switches adjustment Fine potentiometer "Zero" and "Span"

Dependent on temperature range,

Potentiometer setting range

typical values:

Span, approx. ± 60% of full scale

 Offset, approx. ± 100°C (12 - turn helical potentiometer)

# Measuring output resp. measuring outputs (→

0 / 4 ... 20 mA DC current

switchable by plug - in jumper

Burden voltage 10 V < 20 V Open-circuit voltage

External resistance  $R_{\text{ext}} \text{ max.} \leq 500 \ \Omega$ 

< 1.5% p.p., DC...10 kHz Residual ripple

DC voltage 0...10 V Short-circuit current ≤ 40 mA Load capacity  $R_{out}$  min.  $\geq 2 k\Omega$ 

Residual ripple < 1.5% p.p., DC...10 kHz

Response time  $\leq$  500 ms

#### Open-circuit sensor circuit and short-circuit supervision

Pick-up level - At open - circuit

approximately 1 to 400 k $\Omega$ 

 At short - circuit approximately  $0...30 \Omega$ 

Fault signaling mode - Frontplate signals

> Red LED for signaling fault Output signal at 0 / 4...20 mA, output approx. 25 mA at 0...10V, output approx. 12.5 V

## Accuracy data (acc. to DIN/IEC 770)

Basic accuracy Max. error  $\leq$  + 0.5%

> including linearity and repeatability errors for a standard range 0 ... 100° C and for reference

conditions.

Additional error  $< \pm 0.35 \%$  for linearised

(additive) characteristic.

Influence of lead - Two - wire connection :

resistance Compensated by potentiometer

> — Three - wire connection : 0.15 K of measuring range

per  $10 \Omega$ Lead resistance ≥ 0.375 K total

— Four - wire connection :

0.1 K of measuring range per  $10\Omega$ 

Lead resistance ≥ 0.375 K total

Selector switch for

0...20 / 4...20 mA ± 0.1%

# Reference conditions

Ambient temperature 23°C, ± 2 K

Power supply 24 VDC  $\pm$  10% and 230 VAC  $\pm$ 10%

Output burden Current: 0.5 . R<sub>ext</sub> max.

Voltage: 2 . R<sub>ext</sub> min.

An external supply fuse must be provided for

DC supply voltages supply > 125 V.

# Influencing factors

Temperature  $< \pm 0.2 \%$  per 10 K

Burden  $< \pm 0.1$  % for current output

< 0.2 % for voltage output,

if R<sub>ext</sub> > 2. R<sub>ext</sub> min.

Long-term drift  $< \pm 0.3 \% / 12 \text{ months}$ 

Switch-on drift  $< \pm 0.5 \%$ 

# Power supply H→○:

AC/DC power pack (DC and 45...400 Hz)

Table 3: Rated voltages and permissible variations

Nominal voltages U <sub>N</sub>	Permissible variation	
24 60 V DC / AC	DC -15 + 33%	
85230 V <sup>1</sup> DC / AC	AC ± 15%	

Power consumption 1 Channel version

≤1.2 W respectively ≤ 2.3 VA

2 channel version

≤1.8 W respectively ≤ 3.4 VA

#### **Environmental Conditions**

Commissioning

temperature —10 to + 55 °C

Operating temperature —25 to + 55 °C

Storage temperature

perature —40 to + 70 °C

Annual mean

relative humidity  $\leq 75\%$ 

# **Standard**

Electromagnetic The standard DIN EN 50 081-2 & DIN EN 50 082-2 are observed

Protection (acc. to IEC 529

resp. EN 60 529) Housing IP 40

Terminals IP 20

Electrical standards Acc. to IEC 1010 resp. EN 60 010
Operating voltages < 300 V between all insulated circuit

Pollution degree 2

# **Electrical insulation**

All circuits (measuring inputs/measuring outputs/power

supply) are electrically insulated

Permissible vibrations 2 g acc. to EN 60 068-2-6

Shock 50 g

3 shocks each in 6 directions acc. to EN 60 068 - 2 - 27

Weight 1 channel approximately 180 g

2 channel approximately 200 g

# **Installation Category**

acc. to IEC 664 III for power supply

Il for measuring input and measuring

output

Double insulation: - Power supply versus all circuits

- Measuring input versus measuring

output

Test voltage: Power supply versus:

all 3.7 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min.Measuring inputs versus:

- measuring outputs 2.3 kV, 50 Hz,

1 min.

Measuring input 1 versus:

- measuring input 2
2.3 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min.

Measuring output 1 versus:

measuring output 22.3 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min.

## **Installation Data**

Mechanical design Housing S17

Refer to Section "Dimensional drawings" for dimensions

Material of housing Lexan 940 ( Polycarbonate )

Flammability class V-0 acc. to UL 94, self - extinguishing, non - dripping,

free of halogen

Mounting For snapping onto top - hat rail

(35X15 mm or 35X7.5 mm) acc. to

EN 50 022

or

directly onto a wall or panel using the

pull - out screw hole brackets

Mounting position Any

Terminals DIN / VDE 0609

Screw terminals with wire guards for

light PVC wiring and

max. 2 X 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> or 1 X 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> Screw M2.5 torque is 0.4 N-m

# **Electrical connections**

# Front RISHABH RISHABH PT 602 Span ( O ON ON ₹ Green LED's for indicating device ON ₹<sup>®</sup> standing by O ₹<sup>®</sup> Zero Red LED's for indicating operation of open - circuit or short - circuit 9 9 Without With transparent cover transparent cover

E1 = Measuring input 1 Terminal allocation acc. to

E2 = Measuring input 2 Connection mode, see Table 4

A1 = Measuring Output 1

A2 = Measuring Output 2

H = Power supply

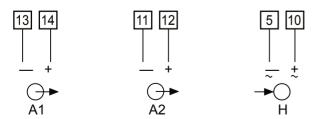


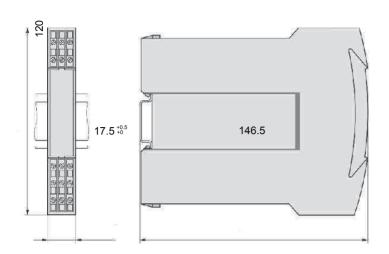
Table 4 : Connection of the measuring input leads E1 and E2

	Measuring inputs	Connection mode*	Wiring diagram Terminal arrangement
ıput		Two-wire connection	8 Jumper RTD H
Version with 1 input	Measuring input → E1	Three-wire connection	3 RTD #
Version		Four-wire connection	3 RTD H
	Measuring input —⊕ E1	Two-wire connection	8 Jumper RTD H
		Three-wire connection	3 RTD   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1
nputs		Four-wire connection	3 RTD H 9
Version with 2 inputs		Two-wire connection	Rw1  6 Jumper RTD H
Version	Measuring input → E2	Three-wire connection	1 RTD H
		Four-wire connection	6 RTD H

<sup>\*</sup> RISH Dear PT 602 units with type designations 602-1XX 1 and 602-1XX 2 can operate with either two or three-wire connections, but units with the type designation 602-1XX 3 only operate with a four-wire connection.

# **Dimensional Drawings**

(All dimensions are in mm)



14 6.5 SC 17.5 \*0.5 12 145.5

Fig. 3 **RISH** Duces PT 602 in housing S 17 clipped onto a top -hat rail (35 X 15 mm or 35 X 7.5 mm, acc. to EN 50 022).

Fig. 4 *RISH* Ducer PT 602 in housing S 17 with screw hole brackets pulled out for wall mounting.

# **Standard Versions**

Inputs (s) set to a range of  $0...100^{\circ}C$  and output (s) to a range of 4...20 mA. Configured for three - wire connection. DIP switches enable the temperature range to be configured between a minimum of -  $170^{\circ}C$  to a maximum of +  $800^{\circ}C$ ; potentiometer for fine calibration of " Zero " and " Span ".

Table 1: Standard version with 1 input 1 output

Input	Output	Power supply DC/AC	
0100 °C	0/420 mA	24 60 V	
configurable	$R_{\rm ext.} \le 500 \ \Omega$	85230V	

Table 2: Standard version with 2 input 2 output

Inputs 1 & 2 Outputs 1 & 2		Power supply DC/AC	
0100 °C	0/420 mA	2460 V	
configurable	$R_{\rm ext.} \le 500 \ \Omega$	85230V	

# Standard accessories

- 1 Operating Instructions
- 2 Pull out clamp S17 (for opening the housing)
- 3 Front label

Table 5 : Ordering Information (See also Table 1 and 2 : "Standard Version" )

DESCRIPTION		MARKING
1.	Mechanical design Housing S17 for rail and wall mounting	602 - 1
2.	Number of measuring inputs / measuring ranges  1) With 1 measuring input / measuring range  2) With 2 measuring inputs / measuring ranges	1 2
3.	Version / Power supply  1) Standard, / 24 60 V DC/AC  2) Standard, / 85 230 V DC/AC	1 2
4.	Connection mode (applies to inputs 1 and 2)  1) Two-wire connection $RL1 \ [\Omega]$ $RL2 \ [\Omega]$ 2) Three-wire connection  3) Four-wire connection	1 2 3
5.	Measuring input 1  1) Measuring range 0100°C  9) Measuring range [°C]  Line 1: Measuring ranges configurable, see Operating Instructions  Line 9: —170 to + 800 °C, span min. 50 °C, max. 700 °C, see technical data	1 9
6.	Measuring input 2  0) Measuring input 2 not used  1) Measuring range 0100°C  9) Measuring range 2 [°C]  Line 1: Measuring ranges configurable, see Operating Instructions  Line 9: Possible measuring ranges see measuring input 1	0 1 9
7.	<ul> <li>Measuring outputs 1 or 2 (applies to outputs 1 and 2)</li> <li>1) Output 0/4 20 mA (configurable by plug-in jumper(s), set to 4 20 mA)</li> <li>2) Output 0 10 V</li> <li>3) Output 4/0 20 mA (configurable by plug-in jumper(s) set to 420mA)</li> </ul>	1 2 3
8.	Certificate  0) Without test certificate  1) With test certificate	0 1

Possible special Version, e.g. increased climatic rating on inquiry.



# **RISHABH INSTRUMENTS LIMITED**